

当地における新型コロナウイルス感染症に関する情報(1月28日)

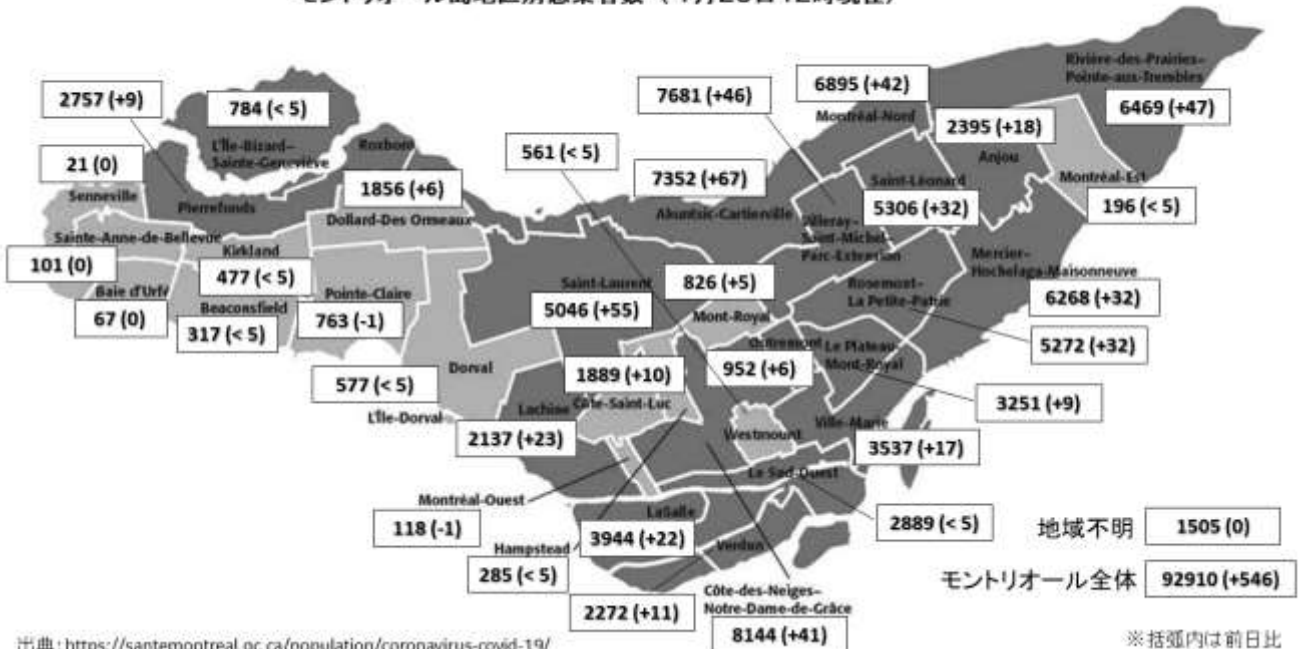
在モントリオール日本国総領事館

1 新型コロナ感染者数等の状況 (1月28日、各州政府 HP から)

	感染者数(累計)	死亡者数	入院者数	ワクチン接種者(累計)
ケベック州	258698 (+1368)	9667 (+39)	1264 (-26) (内 ICU 212(-9))	232986(+3767)
(モントリオール)	92910 (+546)	4285(+17)	-	53841
ニューブランズウィック州	1202(+27)	16(0)	4 (-2) (内 ICU (2)(0))	14257(1/24 付)
ノバスコシア州	1576 (0)	65 (0)	1(+1)(内 ICU 0(0))	13504
プリンスエドワードアイランド州(1/26)	110	-	-	7510 (1/27 付)
ニューファンドランド・ラブラドール州	404 (+4)	4 (0)	1 (0) (内 ICU 0)	10080 (1/27 付)

(注：カッコ内は前日比。)

モントリオール島地区別感染者数 (1月28日12時現在)



Le gouvernement du Québec n'a employé qu'une infime partie des millions de tests de dépistage rapide pour la COVID-19 livrés par Ottawa depuis octobre. Au 21 janvier, il avait seulement utilisé 13 000 des 2,6 millions de tests reçus, selon les données fournies au *Devoir* par le ministère de la Santé. Selon le microbiologiste-infectiologue au Centre universitaire de santé McGill Don Sheppard cet outil pourrait permettre le Québec de briser la chaîne de transmission du coronavirus. « Si on attend que les gens soient symptomatiques, on va manquer la majorité des gens contagieux dans les communautés, a-t-il expliqué. Un outil qui détecte un pourcentage de cette population, c'est mieux qu'aucun outil et, présentement, on n'a aucun [autre] outil. » Il y aurait de la résistance de certains scientifiques associés à l'Institut national de santé publique (INSPQ) qui conseillent le gouvernement.

<https://www.ledevoir.com/societe/sante/594157/moins-de-1-des-tests-de-depistage-rapide-utilises-au-quebec>

大西洋4州

Poll suggests Atlantic Canadians less likely to get COVID-19 vaccine after vaccines were approved

An online poll has found that two thirds of Atlantic Canadians surveyed in November 2020 plan on getting the COVID-19 vaccine when it's available to them.

The results suggest a significant decline in vaccine intention compared to a similar poll the company conducted in May 2020. At the time, 74 per cent of participants said they plan to get vaccinated. None of the vaccine candidates had been assessed for safety and efficacy in May.

The number of participants who said they don't know if they're getting the vaccine or not has increased by seven points since May, suggesting more people are becoming hesitant.

<https://www.thechronicleherald.ca/news/local/poll-suggests-atlantic-canadians-less-likely-to-get-covid-19-vaccine-after-vaccines-were-approved-545840/>

Atlantic Canada COVID-19 Poll (November 2020)

<https://mqoresearch.com/atlantic-canada-covid-19-poll-the-number-of-atlantic-canadians-who-intend-to-get-the-covid-19-vaccine-has-dropped-significantly-since-last-spring/>

プリンスエドワードアイランド

COVID-19 vaccine side effects prompting sick calls from some health-care staff

Health PEI says side effects from the COVID-19 vaccine have led to some health-care workers calling in sick, particularly after receiving their second dose.

While the agency didn't provide specific numbers, P.E.I.'s nurses union said that second dose "seems to be resulting in an increase of sick calls for 24 hours after immunization."

The province's chief public health officer said only a "minority of people" experience side effects, but they're not unexpected, or reason for concern.

<https://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/prince-edward-island/pei-covid-vaccine-work-sick-calls-1.5890183>

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